Appendix Neurological Assessment Worksheet

Are the deficits attributable to upper motor neuron signs? Upper motor neurons signs are compatible with the following:

- □ Mentation abnormal
- □ Cranial nerves involvement
- D Pupillary light reflex abnormal or eye movement abnormal
- $\hfill\square$ Eyes rotate down when head elevated
- □ Tremors, bradykinesia present
- □ Abnormal pronation or external rotation of limbs on walking
- □ Muscle tone flaccid
- □ Strength is decreased
- □ Abnormal asymmetric gait located to multifocal spinal cord lesion
- □ Head tilt or circling
- □ Localized spontaneous sweating
- □ Bilateral negative slap test

Are the deficits attributable to lower motor neuron signs in this horse? Lower motor neuron involvement is compatible with polyneuritis equi and the following clinical signs:^{1, 2}

- □ Hyperesthesia (rubbing of the tail) followed by paralysis or paresis of the tail
- □ Perianal analgesia or decreased anal tone (loss of sensation around the anus)
- Dribbles or retains urine (dysuria) or penile paresis; cystitis
- Cranial nerve neuropathy (decreased tongue tone, CN III, V, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII)
- □ Rectal dysfunction (retains feces)
- □ Inability to blink (nystagmus)
- □ Muscle atrophy (gluteal or masseter) or hypotonicity of gluteal, semimembranosus
- \square Mild (grade 1)³ proprioceptive deficits in multiple limbs
- □ Ear droop, head tilt (CN VIII)
- □ Loss of segmental and intersegmental reflexes (panniculus)
- □ Pelvic limb weakness, staggering
- □ High P2 antibody titer increases the suspicion

Clinical signs of equine motor neuron disease (EMND) [Ref: Diagnostic Techniques in Equine Medicine, Second Edition, 2009]

- □ Trembling, acute onset
- \Box Lower than normal head carriage
- □ Housed without pasture or dry lot for a year
- □ Symmetric atrophy of muscles in rear and front limbs and neck
- □ Muscle fasciculations
- □ Stringhalt or other unusual gait
- \Box Vitamin E levels low <1µg/ml
- \Box Decreases in circulating SOD₁
- □ Mild to moderate elevation in creatine kinase and aspartate aminotransferase

¹ Alleman et al . Antemortem diagnosis of polyneuritis equi. J Vet Intern Med 2009; 665-668

² Nicholas Vatistas and Joe Mayhew. Differential diagnosis of polyneuritis equi. Equine Practice January 1995

³ Lunn DP, Mayhew IG. The neurological evaluation of horses. Equine Vet Edu 1989;194-101.